



SANTER SUPPLIES
CREATE LASTING MEMORIES WITH QUALITY

Tempo

Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name	Tempo
Product code	not assigned
HSNO approval	HSR002565,
Approval description	Embalming Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020
UN number	NA
Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated
DG class	NA
Packaging group	NA
Hazchem code	check
Uses	Autopsy powder

Company Details

Company	SANTER SUPPLIES
Address	18 Faulke Avenue Wainuiomata Lower Hutt 5014 New Zealand
Website	www.santersupplies.com

Emergency Telephone Number: 0800 764 766

2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002565, Embalming Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS 7 Classes

Skin irritant category 2
Skin sensitiser category 1
Eye damage category 1
Mutagen category 2
Carcinogen category 2
STOT* repeated exposure category 2

Hazard Statements

H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H341 - Suspected of causing cancer.
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

*STOT – System Target Organ Toxicity

SYMBOLS

ANGER



Other Classifications

There are no other classifications that are known to apply.



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Precautionary Statements

Prevention	P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P103 - Read label before use. P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P260 - Do not breathe dust. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.
Storage	P405 - Store locked up.
Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/Identification	Concentration
Talc	14807-96-6	36%
Paraformaldehyde	30525-89-4	13%

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

4. First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid facilities Ready access to running water is recommended. Accessible eyewash is recommended.

Exposure

Swallowed	IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, place victim face downwards, with the head turned to the side and lower than the hips to prevent vomit entering the lungs.
Eye contact	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Apply continuous irrigation with water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids apart. Immediately call a doctor.
Skin contact	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.
Inhaled	IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a doctor.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically



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5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards:	There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable.
Suitable extinguishing substances:	Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or alcohol resistant foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing substances:	Unknown.
Products of combustion:	Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water. May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.
Protective equipment:	Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat and eye protection.
Hazchem code:	check

6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment	If greater than 1000L is stored, secondary containment is required. Emergency plans to manage any potential spills must be in place. Prevent spillage from spreading or entering soil, waterways or drains.
Emergency procedures	In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of hazard. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. revert by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council immediately).
Clean-up method	Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Rags are not recommended for the clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.
Disposal	Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage. Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.
Precautions	Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of vapour. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

7. Storage & Handling

Storage	Store locked up. Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children. Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10.
Handling	Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Exposure Stds	Ingredient	WES-TWA	WES-STEL
	Paraformaldehyde Formaldehyde _(carc 1, dsen)	Formaldehyde: 0.3ppm	Formaldehyde: 0.6ppm

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.



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Personal Protective Equipment

General

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate.
Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken.

Eyes



To protect eyes, it is required that goggles, safety glasses or full face mask be worn. Avoid wearing contact lenses. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.

Skin



Avoid repeated or prolonged skin contact. Wear overalls, rubber boots and impervious gloves. Nitrile gloves are recommended. Neoprene and Latex gloves provide fair to limited protection and can be used for short term use. Protective gloves or suitably resistant material must comply with AS 2161. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Protective clothing must comply with AS 2919, AS3765.1 or AS3765.2. PVC or rubber boots must comply with AS/NZS 2210.2 and selected and maintained in accordance with AS/NS2210.1. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Wash hands after handling.

Respiratory

A full facepiece respirator with a formaldehyde Cartridge when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8) should be used. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order. Supplied Air respirator should be considered in the event of excessive exposure (e.g. higher than WES).

WES Additional Information

Not applicable

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance	Solid tan granules mixed with white granules
Odour	Lavender
Odour Threshold	no data
pH	NA
Freezing/melting point	no data
Boiling Point	NA
Flashpoint	NA
Flammability	no data
Upper & lower flammable limits	no data
Vapour pressure	NA
Vapour density	NA
Specific gravity/density	NA
Solubility	miscible in water
Partition coefficient	no data
Auto-ignition temperature	no data
Decomposition temperature	no data
Viscosity	no data
Particle Characteristics	no data



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10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability	Stable
Conditions to be avoided	Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames.
Incompatible groups	strong alkalis, strong mineral acids, and strong oxidants.
Substance Specific Incompatibility	none known
Hazardous decomposition products	May for formadehyde gas, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and various hydrocarbons.
Hazardous reactions	none known

11. Toxicological Information

Summary

IF SWALLOWED: may be harmful if swallowed. May cause irritation to the mouth and digestive tract.
IF ON SKIN: may be harmful in contact with skin, may be absorbed through the skin. May cause allergic skin reactions. Causes skin irritation.
IF IN EYES: may cause permanent eye damage, intense pain, redness, swelling and watering.
IF INHALED: May cause respiratory irritation.
CHRONIC EFFECTS: Paraformaldehyde is a suspected mutagen and carcinogen.

Supporting Data

Acute	Oral	Using LD ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (oral) for the mixture is >2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Paraformaldehyde 800 mg/kg (rat), sodium polyacrylate >2000mg/kg.
	Aspiration	This mixture is not considered an aspiration hazard.
	Dermal	Using LD ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (dermal) for the mixture is >2,000 mg/kg.
	Inhaled	Using LD ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (inhalation) for the mixture is >5mg/L/4h. Data considered includes: Paraformaldehyde 1070 mg/m ³ /4H (rat).
	Eye	The mixture is considered to be corrosive to the eye, because paraformaldehyde present at >3% is considered an eye corrosive.
Chronic	Skin	The mixture is considered to be a skin irritant, because some of the ingredients present are considered skin irritants in more concentrated form.
	Sensitisation	The mixture is considered to be a contact sensitizer, because Paraformaldehyde present in greater than 0.1% is known to be a contact sensitizer.
	Mutagenicity	The mixture is considered to be a suspected mutagen, because at least one of the ingredients (Paraformaldehyde) present in greater than 0.1% is suspected to be a mutagen.
	Carcinogenicity	The mixture is considered to be a known or presumed carcinogen, because at least one of the ingredients (Paraformaldehyde) present in greater than 0.1% is known or presumed to be a carcinogen. (IARC)
	Reproductive / Developmental	No data for mixture is available. No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.
	Systemic	The mixture is considered to be a known or presumed target organ toxicant, because Paraformaldehyde present in greater than 1% is known or presumed to be a target organ toxicant. The mixture is highly irritating to the upper respiratory tract. May cause inflammation of the lining of the nose, throat and lungs, with bronchopneumonia and edema possible from extremely irritating exposure. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system depression.
	Aggravation of existing conditions	None known



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12. Ecological Data

Summary

This mixture is not considered ecotoxic. In all cases prevent run-off to drains, sewers and waterways.

Supporting Data

Aquatic	Using EC ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the calculated EC ₅₀ for the mixture is > 100 mg/L. Data considered includes: Paraformaldehyde 60 mg/L (96h, Rainbow trout).
Bioaccumulation	Paraformaldehyde is not bioaccumulative.
Degradability	Paraformaldehyde degrades rapidly.
Soil	The mixture is not considered harmful to the soil environment, with an estimated soil ecotoxicity value between >10 mg/kg. Paraformaldehyde is a soil fungicide at higher concentration. .
Terrestrial vertebrate	This product is not considered harmful to terrestrial vertebrates. No LC ₅₀ (diet) data for ingredients are available and the classification is based on the LD ₅₀ (oral) – see section 11 – oral toxicity.
Terrestrial invertebrate	The mixture is not considered harmful to terrestrial invertebrates.
Biocidal	no data

13. Disposal Considerations

Restrictions	There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.
Disposal method	Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.
Contaminated packaging	Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible reuse or recycle packaging.

14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).

UN number:	NA	Proper shipping name:	NA
Class(es)	NA	Packing group:	NA
Precautions:	NA	Hazchem code:	NA
IMDG			
UN number:	NA	Proper shipping name:	Not regulated
Class(es)	NA	Packing group:	NA
Precautions:	NA	EmS	NA
IATA			
UN number:	NA	Proper shipping name:	Not regulated
Class(es)	NA	Packing group:	NA
Precautions:	NA	ERG Guide	NA



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15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002565, Embalming Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020. All ingredients appear on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals NZIoC.

Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS

To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.

Inventory

An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.

Packaging

All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been supplied

Labelling

Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.

Emergency plan

Required if > 1000L is stored.

Certified handler

Not required.

Tracking

Not required.

Bunding & secondary containment

Required if > 1000L is stored.

Signage

Required if > 1000L is stored.

Location compliance certificate

Not required.

Flammable zone

Not required.

Fire extinguisher

Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

16. Other Information

Abbreviations

Approval Code

Approval HSR002565, Embalming Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020 Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz

CAS Number

Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

EC₅₀

Ecotoxic Concentration 50% – concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

EPA

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

GHS

Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.

HAZCHEM Code

Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services, especially fire fighters

HSNO

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

IARC

International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL

Lower Explosive Limit

LD₅₀

Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

LC₅₀

Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats)

NZIoC

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

STEL

Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the TWA is not exceeded

STOT RE

System Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure

STOT SE

System Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure



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TWA	Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day (usually 8 hours)
UEL	Upper Explosive Limit
UN Number	United Nations Number
WES	Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

Data	Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information database (CCID).
Controls	EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz , Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz
WES	The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available on their web site – www.worksafe.govt.nz .
Other References:	Suppliers SDS

Review

Date	Reason for review
December 2024	Not applicable - New SDS

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 21 1040951.

